- attention Thesia Affanish Garge Wallington (1781)



## GRAPE GUIDELINES for PLANT SAP SAMPLING

- Select an average representative area in the field for monitoring.
- Avoid outer rows and extreme ends of rows.
- Sample consistently from event to event (Sunny side of plants, avoid extreme weather etc.)
- Select average representative plants avoid diseased plants. If diagnostic analyses are desired sample these areas separately.
- Do not mix varieties in the sample as there may be some variation.
- Sample from 8am 11am, but monitor the same time each sampling event.
- Do not sample immediately after rain note heat or cold stresses.
- Note fertilizer and irrigation times and application rates if possible.

## HOW, WHEN, and HOW OFTEN

- Begin sampling at five leaf stage (shoots are at least 12 inches), monitor weekly or every other week until harvest. Strategic sampling times are 12" shoots, early flowering, early fruit set, fruit fill, pre-harvest, and post-harvest.
- New leaves take first fully expanded leaf out from the growing point of the plant.



- Old leaves take the farthest fully expanded leaf from growing point that is still vital.
- BE SURE TO TAKE WHOLE LEAF.
- Take 60 leaves, randomly across the sampling area.

1<sup>st</sup> Fully Expanded Leaf



## HANDLING and TRANSPORT

- Stack leaves.
- Use plastic bags and remove all excess air before sealing
- Collect dry samples.
- Keep cool and "dry" (don't freeze or sit in direct sun).
- Send via the fastest form of delivery to minimize time in transit. NEW AGE recommends UPS given their reliable morning delivery time at our location.

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- Do not over pack- compression will cause deterioration.
- Place sample submission chain of custody (COC) form in shipping container with samples.